Pangwali

Pangwali (Takri: ਪੰਨਾਪੰਡੀ) is a language spoken in the <u>Pangi Tehsil</u> of <u>Chamba district</u> in <u>Himachal Pradesh</u>. The language is threatened to go extinct.

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Dialect

Following are the dialects of the language:

- 1. Killar
- 2. Purthi
- 3. Sach
- 4. Dharwasi

<u>Killar</u>, being the headquarter of the Tehsil, is the dialect which is widely understood. Sach dialect is said to have the maximum Sanskrit features in it.^[2]

Script

The native script of the language is <u>Takri</u> script. Nowadays <u>Devanagari</u> script is also used for orthography.

Pangwali पंगवाडी น่มช์3 Pangwali written in Takri Pangwala **Ethnicity** Indo-European Language family Indo-Iranian Indo-Aryan North-Western Western Pahari Pangwali **Dialects** Killar Purthi Sach Dharwasi Language codes ISO 639-3 pgg **Glottolog** pang1282 (http://glot tolog.org/resource/la nguoid/id/pang1282) Pangwali^[1]

Literature

Tubari (https://www.pangi.in/en/tubari-magazine/tubari-monthly-magazine-2019-all-editions) magazine is a recent effort to maintain the language. The magazine uses Devanagari Script. There are other (https://www.pangi.in/en/pangi-home-page-pangwali-sp) publications, which generally describes the language

Status

The language is commonly called <u>Pahari</u> or <u>Himachali</u>. Some speaker may even call it a dialect of Punjabi or <u>Dogri</u>. The language has no official status. According to the <u>United Nations Education</u>, <u>Scientific and Cultural Organisation</u> (UNESCO), the language is of critically endangered category, i.e. the youngest

speakers of Pangwali are generally grandparents or older and they too speak it infrequently or partially.^[3]

The demand for the inclusion of 'Pahari (Himachali)' under the Eight Schedule of the Constitution, which is supposed to represent multiple Pahari languages of Himachal Pradesh, had been made in the year 2010 by the state's Vidhan Sabha.^[4] There has been no positive progress on this matter since then even when small organisations are taking upto themselves to save the language and demanding it.^[5] Due to political interest, the language is currently recorded as a dialect of Hindi,^[6] even when having a poor mutual intelligibility with it and having a higher mutual intelligibility with other recognised languages like Dogri and other Western Pahari languages.

References

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